UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended: March 31, 2022

or

□ Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-34767

CLARUS CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) **58-1972600** (I.R.S. Employer Identification Numb

Identification Number)

2084 East 3900 South Salt Lake City, Utah

(Address of principal executive offices)

(801) 278-5552

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class Common Stock, par value \$.0001 per share Trading Symbol CLAR Name of each exchange on which registered NASDAQ Global Select Market

84124

(Zip code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer		Non-accelerated filer	
Accelerated filer	X	Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
TO 1 1			

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

As of May 4, 2022, there were 37,224,109 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001, outstanding.

CLARUS CORPORATION

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CLARUS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	March 31, 2022	1	December 31, 2021		
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash	\$ 16,4	51 \$	19,465		
Accounts receivable, less allowance for					
credit losses of \$1,283 and \$811	69,5		66,180		
Inventories	152,7		129,354		
Prepaid and other current assets	12,8		11,831		
Income tax receivable	2:		116		
Total current assets	251,7	95	226,946		
Property and equipment, net	43,1	58	42,826		
Other intangible assets, net	71,3	27	73,683		
Indefinite-lived intangible assets	131,1	5	128,271		
Goodwill	121,0	54	118,090		
Deferred income taxes	22,4		22,433		
Other long-term assets	20,1	57	19,578		
Total assets	\$ 661,0	32 \$	631,827		
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 34,0	8 \$	31,488		
Accrued liabilities	30,1		27,473		
Income tax payable	1.8		4,437		
Current portion of long-term debt	12,1		9,585		
Total current liabilities	78,2		72,983		
Long-term debt, net	139,8	9	131,948		
Deferred income taxes	36.8		35,280		
Other long-term liabilities	23.0		21,448		
Total liabilities	277,9		261,659		
	-				
Stockholders' Equity Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value per share; 5,000					
shares authorized: none issued					
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share; 100,000 shares authorized;		-	-		
41,272 and 41,105 issued and 37,210 and 37,094 outstanding, respectively		4	4		
Additional paid in capital	666,4		662,996		
Accumulated deficit	(258,90		(263,342)		
Treasury stock, at cost	(25,53		(24,440) (5,050)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		_			
Total stockholders' equity	383,1	_	370,168		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 661,0</u>	<u>52 \$</u>	631,827		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CLARUS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

		Three Months Ended		
	Marc	ch 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Sales				
Domestic sales	\$	62,307 \$		
International sales		50,969	27,758	
Total sales		113,276	75,331	
Cost of goods sold		69,024	48,281	
Gross profit		44,252	27,050	
Operating expenses				
Selling, general and administrative		34,175	20,885	
Transaction costs		1,201	476	
Contingent consideration expense		763		
Total operating expenses		36,139	21,361	
Operating income		8,113	5,689	
Other expense				
Interest expense, net		(1,116)	(238)	
Other, net		(67)	(140)	
Total other expense, net		(1,183)	(378)	
Income before income tax		6,930	5,311	
Income tax expense (benefit)		1,621	(366)	
Net income		5,309	5,677	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustment		6,077	(1,016)	
Unrealized gain on hedging activities		86	896	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		6,163	(120)	
Comprehensive income	<u>\$</u>	11,472 \$	5,557	
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$	0.14 \$	0.18	
Diluted	Ý	0.13	0.17	
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic		37,161	31,283	
Diluted		39,802	32,750	
Diatoa		57,002		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CLARUS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (In thousands)

		Three Months Ended		
	Mar	ch 31, 2022	Ma	rch 31, 2021
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Net income	\$	5,309	\$	5,677
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation of property and equipment		1,832		1,356
Amortization of other intangible assets		4,120		1,197
Amortization of debt issuance costs		170		82
Loss on disposition of property and equipment		9		-
Noncash lease expense		694		331
Contingent consideration expense		754		-
Stock-based compensation		3,367		1,524
Deferred income taxes		524		(697)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		437		66
Inventories		(23, 137)		(2,388)
Prepaid and other assets		(856)		(5,730)
Accounts payable		(2,101)		(3,224)
Accrued liabilities		820		(1,229)
Income taxes		(2,737)		517
Net cash used in operating activities		(10,795)		(2,518)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment		(1,900)		(1,347)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,900)		(1,347)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from revolving credit facilities		25,670		11,637
Repayments on revolving credit facilities		(13,689)		(16,565)
Repayments on term loans		(1,613)		(1,000)
Purchase of treasury stock		(1,097)		(651)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		126		166
Cash dividends paid		(930)		(783)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		8,467		(7,196)
Effect of foreign exchange rates on cash		1,214		(203)
Change in cash		(3,014)		(11,264)
Cash, beginning of year		19,465		17,789
Cash, end of period	\$	16,451	\$	6,525
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	3,844	\$	75
Cash paid for interest	\$	926	\$	161
Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:	ψ	720	ψ	101
Property and equipment purchased with accounts payable	\$	425	\$	293
Lease liabilities arising from obtaining right of use assets	\$ \$	1.164	\$	3,539
Lease machines anong nom obtaining right of use assets	Ψ	1,104	Ψ	5,557

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CLARUS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Commo Shares	on Stock Amount	-	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Treasur Shares		itock Amount	С	Accumulated Other omprehensive ncome (Loss)	s	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2020	35,198	\$ 4	\$	513,979	\$ (286,100)	(3,970)	\$	(23,789)	\$	500	\$	204,594
Net income	-		-	-	5,677	-		-		-		5,677
Other comprehensive loss	-		-	-	-	-		-		(120)		(120)
Cash dividends (\$0.025 per share)	-		_	-	(783)	-		-		<u> </u>		(783)
Purchase of treasury stock	-		-	-	-	(41)		(651)		-		(651)
Stock-based compensation												
expense	-		-	1,524	-	-						1,524
Proceeds from exercise of options	127		-	246		<u> </u>	_					246
Balance, March 31, 2021	35,325	\$ 4	\$	515,749	\$ (281,206)	(4,011)	\$	(24,440)	\$	380	\$	210,487

	Comme	on Stock	-	Additional Paid-In	Accumulated	Treasu	iry S	Stock	Accumula Other Comprehen	isive	S	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount		Capital	Deficit	Shares		Amount	Income (L	oss)	_	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	41,105	\$ 4	\$	662,996	\$ (263,342) (4,011) \$	(24,440)	\$	(5,050)	\$	370,168
Net income	-			-	5,309		-	-		-		5,309
Other comprehensive income	-					-	-			6,163		6,163
Cash dividends (\$0.025 per												
share)	-			-	(930)	-	-		-		(930)
Purchase of treasury stock	-			-		- (51)	(1,097)		-		(1,097)
Stock-based compensation												
expense				3,367		-	-	-		-		3,367
Proceeds from exercise of options	167			126								126
Balance, March 31, 2022	41,272	\$ 4	\$	666,489	\$ (258,963) (4,062) \$	(25,537)	\$	1,113	\$	383,106

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CLARUS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

NOTE 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Clarus Corporation and subsidiaries (which may be referred to as the "Company," "Clarus," "we," "us" or "our") as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), instructions to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, except otherwise disclosed) necessary for a fair presentation of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been included. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2022, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for the year ending December 31, 2022. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 7, 2022.

Clarus, incorporated in Delaware in 1991, acquired Black Diamond Equipment, Ltd. ("Black Diamond Equipment") in May 2010, and changed its name to Black Diamond, Inc. in January 2011. In October 2012, we acquired PIEPS Holding GmbH and its subsidiaries (collectively, "PIEPS"). On August 14, 2017, the Company changed its name from Black Diamond, Inc. to Clarus Corporation and its stock ticker symbol from "BDE" to "CLAR" on the NASDAQ stock exchange.

On August 21, 2017, the Company acquired Sierra Bullets, L.L.C. ("Sierra"). On November 6, 2018, the Company acquired the assets of SKINourishment, Inc. ("SKINourishment"). On October 2, 2020, the Company completed the acquisition of certain assets and liabilities constituting the Barnes business ("Barnes"). On July 1, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Australia-based Rhino-Rack Holdings Pty Ltd ("Rhino-Rack"). On December 1, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Australia-based MaxTrax Australia Pty Ltd ("MAXTRAX").

Nature of Business

Headquartered in Salt Lake City, Utah, we are a global leading designer, developer, manufacturer and distributor of best-in-class outdoor equipment and lifestyle products focused on the outdoor and consumer enthusiast markets. Our mission is to identify, acquire and grow outdoor "super fan" brands through our unique "innovate and accelerate" strategy. We define a "super fan" brand as a brand that creates the world's pre-eminent, performance-defining product that the best-in-class user cannot live without. Each of our brands has a long history of continuous product innovation for core and everyday users alike. The Company's products are principally sold globally under the Black Diamond®, Sierra®, Barnes® and Rhino-Rack® and MAXTRAX® brand names through outdoor specialty and online retailers, our own websites, distributors and original equipment manufacturers.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The more significant estimates relate to the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations, excess or obsolete inventory, allowance for credit losses, contingent consideration liabilities, and valuation of deferred tax assets. We base our estimates on historical experience, projected future cash flows, and other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting Pronouncements not yet adopted

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting.* This ASU provides temporary optional expedients and exceptions to existing guidance on contract modifications and hedge accounting to facilitate the market transition from existing reference rates, such as the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") which is being phased out in 2021, to alternate reference rates, such as the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"). The standard is currently effective and upon adoption may be applied prospectively to contract modifications made on or before December 31, 2022. Management will continue to evaluate the impact of the adoption and implementation of this standard, but currently management does not believe that the impact of transitioning from LIBOR to SOFR will have a material effect on the interest rates of the company.



NOTE 2. ACQUISITIONS

MAXTRAX

On November 26, 2021, Clarus entered into a Share and Unit Purchase Agreement (the "MAXTRAX Purchase Agreement") to acquire Australia-based MaxTrax Australia Pty Ltd ("MAXTRAX"), which subsequently closed on December 1, 2021. All United States dollar amounts contained herein are based on the exchange rates in effect for Australian dollars (\$AUD) and the market value of the Company's common stock at the time of closing of the acquisition of MAXTRAX (the "MAXTRAX Acquisition").

The Company acquired MAXTRAX for an aggregate purchase price of \$AUD 49,744 (approximately \$35,475), subject to a post-closing adjustment, comprised of \$AUD 37,551 (approximately \$26,780) cash, 107 shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$2,594, and additional consideration described below. The MAXTRAX Purchase Agreement also provides for the payment of additional consideration in the form of shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$AUD 6,250 (approximately \$4,457) split equally on June 30, 2022 and 2023. The MAXTRAX Purchase Agreement provides for the payment of additional consideration up to \$AUD 6,250 (approximately \$4,457) in cash if certain future net sales thresholds are met during 2022 and 2023 (the "MAXTRAX Contingent Consideration"). The Company estimated the initial fair value of the MAXTRAX Contingent Consideration to be \$AUD 2,307 (approximately \$1,644) and has recorded this liability within accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities. The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination.

Rhino-Rack

On May 30, 2021, Clarus entered into a Share Sale and Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") to acquire Australia-based Rhino-Rack Holdings Pty Ltd ("Rhino-Rack"), which subsequently closed on July 1, 2021. All United States dollar amounts contained herein are based on the exchange rates in effect for Australian dollars (\$AUD) and the market value of the Company's common stock at the time of closing of the acquisition of Rhino-Rack (the "Rhino-Rack Acquisition").

The Company acquired Rhino-Rack for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$AUD 269,696 (approximately \$202,488), subject to a post-closing adjustment, comprised of approximately \$AUD 191,249 (approximately \$143,590) cash, 2,315 shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$55,333, and additional contingent consideration described below. The Purchase Agreement also provides for the payment of additional contingent consideration up to approximately \$AUD 10,000 (approximately \$7,508) if certain future net sales thresholds are met (the "Rhino-Rack Contingent Consideration"). The Company estimated the initial fair value of the Rhino-Rack Contingent Consideration to be approximately \$AUD 4,747 (approximately \$3,565) and has recorded this liability within accrued liabilities. The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination.

The Company believes the acquisitions of MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack are expected to provide the Company with a greater combined global revenue base, increased gross margins, profitability and free cash flows, and access to increased liquidity to further seek to acquire and grow businesses.

The following table is a reconciliation to the fair value of the purchase consideration and how the purchase consideration is allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed which have been estimated at their fair values. The fair value estimates for the purchase price allocation for MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack are based on the Company's best estimates and assumptions as of the reporting date and are considered preliminary. Since our initial purchase price allocation for the MAXTRAX acquisition, we have increased the fair value of accrued liabilities assumed and goodwill by \$741. These adjustments were made after receiving certain information, which existed as of the date of acquisition, related to the fair value of assumed liabilities and such amounts were recorded during the first quarter of 2022. The fair value measurements of identifiable assets and liabilities, and the resulting goodwill related to the MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack Acquisitions are subject to change and the final purchase price allocations could be different from the amounts presented below. We expect to finalize the valuations as soon as practicable, but not later than one year from the date of the acquisitions. The excess of purchase consideration over the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill for MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack is included in the Adventure segment. The goodwill consists largely of the growth and profitability expected from these acquisitions.



	MA	XTRAX		Rhino-Rack					
	Decem	ber 1, 2021		July 1, 2021					
	Number of Shares	Estim	ated Fair Value	Number of Shares	Estim	ated Fair Value			
Cash paid	-	\$	26,780	-	\$	143,590			
Issuance of shares of Clarus Corporation	107		2,594	2,315		55,333			
Future issuance of shares of Clarus Corporation	-		4,457			-			
Contingent consideration	-		1,644	-		3,565			
Total purchase consideration	107	\$	35,475	2,315	\$	202,488			
Assets acquired and liabilities assumed Assets									
Cash		\$	1.869		\$	7,513			
Accounts receivable		Ψ	2,791		Ψ	10,769			
Inventories			1,819			27,046			
Prepaid and other current assets			883			644			
Property and equipment			139			4,619			
Other intangible assets			10,341			55,400			
Indefinite-lived intangible assets			10,555			72,800			
Goodwill			15,199			78,347			
Other long-term assets			979			11,468			
Total assets			44,575			268,606			
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			2,176			16,511			
Income tax payable			251			3,413			
Current portion of long-term debt			-			607			
Long-term debt			-			2,107			
Deferred income taxes			5,863			32,451			
Other long-term liabilities			810			11,029			
Total liabilities			9,100			66,118			
Net Book Value Acquired		\$	35,475		\$	202,488			

The estimated fair value of inventory was recorded at expected sales price less cost to sell plus a reasonable profit margin for selling efforts.

In connection with the acquisitions, the Company acquired exclusive rights to MAXTRAX's and Rhino-Rack's trademarks, customer relationships, and product technologies. The amounts assigned to each class of intangible asset, other than goodwill acquired, and the related average useful lives as of the acquisition dates, are as follows:

	 MAXTRAX			Rhino-Rac	:k
	Average Gross Useful Life			Gross	Average Useful Life
Intangibles subject to amortization					
Customer relationships	\$ 8,986	13.5 years	\$	40,400	13.5 years
Product technologies	1,355	7.0 years		15,000	10.0 years
Intangibles not subject to amortization					
Trademarks	 10,555	N/A		72,800	N/A
	\$ 20,896	12.6 years	\$	128,200	12.6 years

The full amount of goodwill of \$15,199 for MAXTRAX and \$78,347 for Rhino-Rack is expected to be non-deductible for tax purposes. No pre-existing relationships existed between the Company and MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack or their sellers prior to the acquisition. MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack revenue and operating income are included in the Adventure segment.

The following unaudited pro forma results are based on the individual historical results of the Company, MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack, with adjustments to give effect as if the acquisitions and borrowings used to finance the acquisitions had occurred on January 1, 2020, after giving effect to certain adjustments, including the amortization of intangible assets, depreciation of fixed assets, interest expense and taxes and assumes the purchase price was allocated to the assets purchased and liabilities assumed based on their fair market values at the date of purchase.

	<u> </u>	hree Months Ended
		March 31, 2021
Sales	\$	107,009
Net income	\$	9,985
Net income per share - basic	\$	0.32
Net income per share - diluted	\$	0.30

The unaudited pro forma information is presented for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the operating results that would have occurred had the transactions been consummated as of January 1, 2020. Furthermore, such pro forma information is not necessarily indicative of future operating results of the combined companies and should not be construed as representative of the operating results of the combined companies for any future dates or periods.

NOTE 3. INVENTORIES

Inventories, as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	Mar	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2022		ber 31, 2021
Finished goods	\$	106,916	\$	86,647		
Work-in-process		10,046		10,336		
Raw materials and supplies		35,756		32,371		
	\$	152,718	\$	129,354		



NOTE 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment, net, as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were as follows:

]	March 31, 2022		cember 31, 2021
	_			
Land	\$	4,160	\$	4,160
Building and improvements		16,544		16,403
Furniture and fixtures		6,756		6,677
Computer hardware and software		8,374		7,512
Machinery and equipment		34,470		33,581
Construction in progress		4,435		4,312
		74,739		72,645
Less accumulated depreciation		(31,571)		(29,819)
•	\$	43,168	\$	42,826

Depreciation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$1,832 and \$1,356, respectively.

NOTE 5. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

The following table summarizes the balances in goodwill by segment:

	Outdoor		Precision Sport		Adventure		 Total
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>		\$	26,715	\$	91,375	\$ 118,090
Acquisition adjustment Impact of foreign currency exchange rates		-		-		741 2,233	 741 2,233
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$		\$	26,715	\$	94,349	\$ 121,064

Indefinite Lived Intangible Assets

The following table summarizes the changes in indefinite lived intangible assets:

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 128,271
Impact of foreign currency exchange rates	 2,844
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$ 131,115

Trademarks classified as indefinite-lived intangible assets by brand as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Black Diamond	\$ 19,600	\$ 19,600
PIEPS	3,102	3,166
Sierra	18,900	18,900
Barnes	5,600	5,600
Rhino-Rack	72,801	70,278
MAXTRAX	11,112	10,727
	\$ 131,115	\$ 128,271



Other Intangible Assets, net

The following table summarizes the changes in gross other intangible assets:

Gross balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 104,681
Impact of foreign currency exchange rates	 1,983
Gross balance at March 31, 2022	\$ 106,664

Other intangible assets, net of amortization as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	March 31, 2022					
	Gross		Accumulated Amortization		Net	Weighted Average Useful Life
Intangibles subject to amortization						
Customer relationships	\$ 81,533	\$	(27,032)	\$	54,501	13.8 years
Product technologies	22,921		(6,634)		16,287	10.2 years
Tradename / trademark	1,263		(724)		539	9.4 years
Core technologies	 947		(947)		<u> </u>	10.0 years
-	\$ 106,664	\$	(35,337)	\$	71,327	12.9 years
			December	· 31, 20	21	
	 		Accumulated			Weighted Average
	 Gross		Amortization		Net	Useful Life
Customer relationships	\$ Gross 80,078	\$		\$	Net 56,274	
Customer relationships Product technologies	\$	\$		\$		Üseful Life
	\$ 80,078	\$	(23,804)	\$	56,274	Useful Life 13.8 years
Product technologies	\$ 80,078 22,393	\$	(23,804) (5,557)	\$	56,274 16,836	Úseful Life 13.8 years 10.2 years

Amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, was \$4,120 and \$1,197, respectively. Future amortization expense for other intangible assets as of March 31, 2021 is as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Amortiz	zation Expense
2022 (excluding the three months ended March 31, 2022)	\$	11,946
2023		13,714
2024		11,543
2025		9,334
2026		7,188
Thereafter		17,602
	\$	71,327



CLARUS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

NOTE 6. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	Mar	March 31, 2022		nber 31, 2021
	-			
Accrued payroll and related items	\$	4,678	\$	5,029
Accrued bonus		2,972		3,615
Designated forward exchange contracts		92		-
Accrued warranty		1,928		1,529
Current lease liabilities		2,998		2,824
Accrued commissions		972		811
Contingent consideration liabilities		2,980		2,791
Accrued excise tax		912		724
Other		12,644		10,150
	\$	30,176	\$	27,473

Other long-term liabilities as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	Ma	March 31, 2022		ember 31, 2021
Long-term lease liability	\$	15,764	\$	15,111
Deferred stock consideration for business acquisition		4,693		4,530
Contingent consideration liability		1,408		694
Other		1,169		1,113
	\$	23,034	\$	21,448

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Revolving credit facility (a)	\$ 30,43	\$1 \$ 18,501
Other debt (b)	1,4	4 1,467
Term loan (c)	120,3	3 121,874
Debt issuance costs	(27	6) (309)
	151,92	32 141,533
Less current portion	(12,10	3) (9,585)
	\$ 139,8	8 \$ 131,948

On January 3, 2022, the Company and certain of its direct and indirect subsidiaries (each, a "Loan Party" and, collectively, the "Loan Parties") entered into Amendment No. 4 to the Credit Agreement ("Amendment No. 4"), as previously amended, with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the lenders from time to time party thereto (collectively, the "Credit Agreement"). Amendment No. 4, among other things, permits (i) the Company to borrow in Australian Dollars and New Zealand Dollars in order to support the operations of the Company in Australia and New Zealand and (ii) provides for addbacks to EBITDA, for debt covenant purposes, (as defined in the Credit Agreement) under the Credit Agreement for expenses relating to activities in respect of acquisitions, dispositions, investments and financings (whether or not these transactions are actually consummated).

The Credit Agreement continues to permit the Loan Parties, subject to certain requirements, to arrange with lenders for an aggregate of up to \$50,000 of additional revolving and/or term loan commitments (both of which are currently uncommitted), for potential aggregate revolving and term loan commitments under the Credit Agreement of up to \$275,000.

All obligations under the Credit Agreement are secured by our subsidiary equity interests, as well as accounts receivable, inventory, intellectual property and certain other assets owned by the Company. The Credit Agreement contains restrictions on the Company's ability to pay dividends or make distributions or other restricted payments if certain conditions in the Credit Agreement are not fulfilled. The Credit Agreement also includes other customary affirmative and negative covenants, including financial covenants relating to the Company's consolidated total leverage ratio and fixed charge coverage ratio. The Company was in compliance with the debt covenants set forth in the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2022.

- (a) As of March 31, 2022, the Company had drawn \$30,481 on the \$100,000 revolving commitment that was available under the credit agreement, as amended, with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., with a maturity date of May 3, 2024. The Company pays interest monthly on any borrowings on the Credit Agreement. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the rate was 2.3750%.
- (b) Foreign subsidiaries of the Company have a revolving credit facility and term debt with financial institutions which mature between August 22, 2022 and August 8, 2024. The foreign subsidiaries pay interest monthly on any borrowings on the credit facilities as well as monthly payments on the term debt. As of March 31, 2022 the interest rates ranged between 1.3387% and 4.9500% and as of December 31, 2021 the interest rates ranged between 1.3387% and 5.1651%. The credit facilities are secured by certain assets of the foreign subsidiaries.
- (c) The Company is required to repay the term loan through quarterly payments of \$1,563 each beginning with September 30, 2021, increasing to \$3,125 each beginning with September 30, 2022, and any remaining obligations will be repaid in full on the maturity date of the Credit Agreement of May 3, 2024. The Company pays interest monthly on any borrowings on the Credit Agreement. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the rate was 2.3750% and 2.3750%, respectively.

NOTE 8. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's primary exchange rate risk management objective is to mitigate the uncertainty of anticipated cash flows attributable to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company primarily focuses on mitigating changes in cash flows resulting from sales denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The Company manages this risk primarily by using currency forward and option contracts. If the anticipated transactions are deemed probable, the resulting relationships are formally designated as cash flow hedges. The Company accounts for these contracts as cash flow hedges and tests effectiveness by determining whether changes in the expected cash flow of the derivative offset, within a range, changes in the expected cash flow of the hedged item.

At March 31, 2022, the Company's derivative contracts had remaining maturities of less than one year. The counterparties to these transactions had both long-term and short-term investment grade credit ratings. The maximum net exposure of the Company's credit risk to the counterparties is generally limited to the aggregate unrealized loss of all contracts with that counterparty. At March 31, 2022, there was no such exposure to the counterparties. The Company's exposure of counterparty credit risk is limited to the aggregate unrealized gain of \$534 on all contracts at March 31, 2022. The Company's derivative counterparties have strong credit ratings and as a result, the Company does not require collateral to facilitate transactions.

The Company held the following contracts designated as hedging instruments as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	March	31, 2022
	Notional Amount	Latest Maturity
Foreign exchange contracts - Canadian Dollars	\$16,440	February 2023
Foreign exchange contracts - Euros Foreign exchange contracts - Australian Dollars	€ 18,713 \$1,863	February 2023 June 2022
	Decemb	er 31, 2021
	Notional Amount	Latest Maturity
Foreign exchange contracts - Canadian Dollars	\$14,850	February 2023
Foreign exchange contracts - Canadian Donars	€ 20,104	February 2023

For contracts that qualify as effective hedge instruments, the effective portion of gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value of the instruments are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified to sales in the period the underlying hedged transaction is recognized in earnings. Gains (losses) of \$253 and \$(321) were reclassified to sales during the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The following table presents the balance sheet classification and fair value of derivative instruments as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	Classification	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2	
Derivative instruments in asset positions:					
Designated forward exchange contracts	Prepaid and other current assets	\$	626	\$	491
Designated forward exchange contracts	Other long-term assets	\$	-	\$	20
	-				
Derivative instruments in liability positions:					
Designated forward exchange contracts	Accrued liabilities	\$	92	\$	-
Designated forward exchange contracts	Other long-term liabilities	\$	-	\$	24

NOTE 9. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI") primarily consists of foreign currency translation adjustments and changes in our forward foreign exchange contracts. The following table sets forth the changes in AOCI, net of tax, for the three months ended March 31, 2022:

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustme	Unrealized Gains (Losses) nts on Cash Flow Hedges	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u> (5,2	241) \$ 191	\$ (5,050)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	6,	077 280	6,357
Amounts reclassified from other comprehensive income		- (194)	(194)
Net current period other comprehensive income	6,	077 86	6,163
Balance as of March 31, 2022	\$	836 \$ 277	\$ 1,113

The following table sets forth the changes in AOCI, net of tax, for the three months ended March 31, 2021:

	gn Currency ion Adjustments	l Gains (Losses) Flow Hedges	 Total
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$ 1,480	\$ (980)	\$ 500
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	 (1,016)	 650	 (366)
Amounts reclassified from other comprehensive income (loss)	 -	246	 246
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,016)	896	 (120)
Balance as of March 31, 2021	\$ 464	\$ (84)	\$ 380

The effects on net income of amounts reclassified from unrealized gains on cash flow hedges for foreign exchange contracts for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

	Gains (losses) reclassified from AOCI to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income				
Affected line item in the Condensed Consolidated	Three Months Ended				
Statements of Comprehensive Income		March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
Foreign exchange contracts:					
Sales	\$	253	\$	(321)	
Less: Income tax expense (benefit)		59		(75)	
Amount reclassified, net of tax	\$	194	\$	(246)	
Total reclassifications from AOCI	\$	194	\$	(246)	

NOTE 10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

We measure certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, under a three-tier fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1 - inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are based on prices or valuation techniques that are unobservable.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were as follows:

			March 3	1, 2022		
	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total
Assets						
Designated forward exchange contracts	\$ \$	- <u>\$</u> - \$	626 626	\$ \$	- <u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u>	626 626
Liabilities						
Designated forward exchange contracts	\$	- \$	92	\$	- \$	92
Contingent consideration liabilities			-	4,38		4,388
	\$	- \$	92	\$ 4,38	8 \$	4,480
			December	31, 2021		
	Level 1		December Level 2	31, 2021 Level 3		Total
Assets	Level 1					Total
	Level 1	- \$			- \$	Total 511
Assets Designated forward exchange contracts	Level 1 S S	- <u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u>	Level 2		- \$ - \$	
Designated forward exchange contracts	Level 1 \$ \$	- <u>S</u> - <u>S</u>	Level 2 511		- <u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u>	511
Designated forward exchange contracts Liabilities	Level 1 \$ \$ \$	- <u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u> - \$	Level 2 511		- <u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u> - \$	511
Designated forward exchange contracts	<u>\$</u> \$	- \$	Level 2 511 511	Level 3	Ψ	<u>511</u> 511

Derivative financial instruments are recorded at fair value based on current market pricing models. No nonrecurring fair value

CLARUS CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

measurements existed at March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

The Company estimated the fair value of contingent consideration liabilities using a series of call options. Significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation include discount rates ranging from 4.8% to 8.0%. Contingent consideration liabilities are remeasured at the estimated fair value at the end of each reporting period with the change in fair value recognized in contingent consideration expense in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for such period. We measure the initial liability and remeasure the liability on a recurring basis using Level 3 inputs as defined under authoritative guidance for fair value measurements.

The following table summarizes the changes in contingent consideration liabilities:

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 3,485
Fair value adjustments	763
Impact of foreign currency exchange rates	140
Balance at March 31, 2022	\$ 4,388

As the contingent consideration liabilities are remeasured to fair value each reporting period, significant increases or decreases in projected sales, discount rates or the time until payment is made would have resulted in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement. Our determination of fair value of the contingent consideration liabilities could change in future periods based on our ongoing evaluation of these significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 11. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

On August 6, 2018, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved the initiation of a quarterly cash dividend program of \$0.025 per share of the Company's common stock (the "Quarterly Cash Dividend") or \$0.10 per share on an annualized basis. The declaration and payment of future Quarterly Cash Dividends is subject to the discretion of and approval of the Company's Board of Directors. On April 29, 2022, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved the payment on May 20, 2022 of the Quarterly Cash Dividend of \$0.025 to the record holders of shares of the Company's common stock as of the close of business on May 9, 2022.

NOTE 12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing earnings by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing earnings by the total of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period, plus the effect of dilutive outstanding stock options and unvested restricted stock grants. Potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share if their effect is anti-dilutive to the loss from continuing operations.

The following table is a reconciliation of basic and diluted shares of common stock outstanding used in the calculation of earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	37,161	31,283	
Effect of dilutive stock awards	2,435	1,467	
Effect of dilutive deferred stock consideration for business acquisition	206		
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	39,802	32,750	
Net income per share:			
Basic	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.18	
Diluted	0.13	0.17	

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, equity awards of 1,329 and 500, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of earnings per share for these periods as they were anti-dilutive.

NOTE 13. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION PLAN

Under the Company's current 2015 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2015 Plan"), the Company's Board of Directors has flexibility to determine the type and amount of awards to be granted to eligible participants, who must be employees, directors, officers or consultants of the Company or its subsidiaries. The 2015 Plan allows for grants of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock awards, stock appreciation rights, and restricted units. The aggregate number of shares of common stock that may be granted through awards under the 2015 Plan to any employee in any calendar year may not exceed 500 shares. The 2015 Plan will continue in effect until December 2025 unless terminated sooner.

Options Granted:

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company issued stock options for an aggregate of 353 shares under the 2015 Plan to directors and employees of the Company. Of the 353 options, 343 vest and become exercisable over a period of three years, and the remaining 10 vest immediately. All of the issued stock options expire ten years from the date of the grant.

For computing the fair value of the stock-based awards, the fair value of each option grant has been estimated as of the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

Options Granted During the Three Months Ended March 31, 2022

Number of options	343	10
Option vesting period	3 Years	Immediate
Grant price (per share)	\$21.83 - \$27.65	\$21.83
Dividend yield	0.36% - 0.46%	0.46%
Expected volatility (a)	38.6% - 38.7%	39.40%
Risk-free interest rate	1.46% - 1.68%	1.66%
Expected life (years) (b)	6.00	5.50
Weighted average fair value (per share)	\$8.24 - \$10.41	\$8.03

(a) Expected volatility is based upon the Company's historical volatility.

(b) The expected term was determined based upon the underlying terms of the awards and the category and employment history of employee award recipient.

The grant date fair value of the stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2022, was \$2,967, which will be recognized over the vesting period of the options.

Market Condition Restricted Shares Granted:

On March 4, 2022, the Company issued and granted to certain employees restricted stock awards of 700 restricted shares under the 2015 Plan, of which 700 restricted shares will vest if, on or before March 4, 2032, the Fair Market Value (as defined in the Plan) of the Company's common stock shall have equaled or exceeded \$50.00 per share for twenty consecutive trading days. For computing the fair value of the restricted shares with a market condition, the fair value of the restricted stock award grant has been estimated as of the date of grant using the Monte-Carlo pricing model with the following assumptions:

	March 4, 2022
Number issued	700
Market condition vesting requirement	\$50.00 stock price target
Grant price (per share)	\$21.83
Dividend yield	0.46%
Expected volatility	41.0%
Risk-free interest rate	1.74%
Weighted average fair value (per share)	\$15.37



Using these assumptions, the fair value of the market condition restricted stock awards granted on March 4, 2022, was approximately \$10,761 and the expected term was 4.15 years.

The total non-cash stock compensation expense related to restricted stock, stock options and stock awards recorded by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$3,367 and \$1,524, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the majority of stock-based compensation costs were classified as selling, general and administrative expenses.

As of March 31, 2022, there were 1,701 unvested stock options and unrecognized compensation cost of \$7,904 related to unvested stock options, as well as 1,546 unvested restricted stock awards and unrecognized compensation costs of \$13,083 related to unvested restricted stock awards.

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As a consumer goods manufacturer and distributor, the Company faces the risk of product liability and related lawsuits involving claims for substantial money damages, product recall actions and higher than anticipated rates of warranty returns or other returns of goods. The Company is therefore vulnerable to various personal injury and property damage lawsuits relating to its products and incidental to its business.

The Company is involved in various legal disputes and other legal proceedings that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of business. Based on currently available information, the Company does not believe that it is reasonably possible that the disposition of any of the legal disputes the Company or its subsidiaries is currently involved in will have a material adverse effect upon the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. There is a reasonable possibility of loss from contingencies in excess of the amounts accrued by the Company in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets; however, the actual amounts of such possible losses cannot currently be reasonably estimated by the Company at this time. It is possible that, as additional information becomes available, the impact on the Company could have a different effect.

NOTE 15. INCOME TAXES

The Company's U.S. federal statutory tax rate of 21% and its foreign operations have statutory tax rates of approximately 25% in Austria, 28% in New Zealand, and 30% in Australia.

The difference between the Company's estimated effective tax rate of 23.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2022, and the U.S. federal statutory tax rate of 21% were due to the impact of foreign earnings taxed at applicable statutory rates and permanent book to tax differences related to incentive stock options and officer compensation limitations.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's gross deferred tax asset was \$38,184. The Company has recorded a valuation allowance of \$4,378, resulting in a net deferred tax asset of \$33,806, before deferred tax liabilities of \$46,653. The Company has provided a valuation allowance against a portion of the deferred tax assets as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, because the ultimate realization of those assets did not meet the more-likely-than-not criteria. The majority of the Company's deferred tax assets consist of NOLs for federal tax purposes. If a change in control were to occur, these could be limited under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 ("Code"), as amended.

In assessing the realizability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible and net operating loss and credit carryforwards expire. The estimates and judgments associated with the Company's valuation allowance on deferred tax assets are considered critical due to the amount of deferred tax assets recorded by the Company on its consolidated balance sheet and the judgment required in determining the Company's future taxable income. The need for a valuation allowance is reassessed at each interim reporting period.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had NOLs and research and experimentation credit for U.S. federal income tax purposes of \$60,712 and \$2,289, respectively. The Company believes its U.S. Federal NOLs will substantially offset its future U.S. Federal income taxes until expiration.



NOLs available to offset taxable income, subject to compliance with Section 382 of the Code, begin to expire based upon the following schedule:

Net Operating Loss Carryforward Expiration Dates December 31, 2021

Expiration Dates December 31,	Net Operating Loss Amount	
2022	\$ 39	9,507
2023		5,712
2024		3,566
2025 and beyond	11	1,927
Total	\$ 60	0,712

NOTE 16. SEGMENT INFORMATION

We operate our business structure within three segments. These segments are defined based on the internal financial reporting used by our chief operating decision maker to allocate resources and assess performance. Certain significant selling and general and administrative expenses are not allocated to the segments including non-cash stock compensation expense. Each segment is described below:

- Our Outdoor segment, which includes Black Diamond Equipment, PIEPS, and SKINourishment, is a global leader in designing, manufacturing, and marketing innovative outdoor engineered equipment and apparel for climbing, mountaineering, trail running, backpacking, skiing, and a wide range of other year-round outdoor recreation activities. Our Outdoor segment offers a broad range of products including: high-performance, activity-based apparel (such as shells, insulation, midlayers, pants and logowear); rock-climbing footwear and equipment (such as carabiners, protection devices, harnesses, belay devices, helmets, and ice-climbing gear); technical backpacks and high-end day packs; trekking poles; headlamps and lanterns; gloves and mittens; and other sport-enhancing products. We also offer advanced skis, ski poles, ski skins, and snow safety products, including avalanche airbag systems, avalanche transceivers, shovels, and probes.
- (9) Our Precision Sport segment, which includes Sierra and Barnes, includes two iconic American manufacturers of a wide range of high-performance bullets and ammunition for both rifles and pistols. These bullets are used for precision target shooting, hunting and military and law enforcement purposes.
- Our Adventure segment, which includes Rhino-Rack and MAXTRAX, is a manufacturer of highly-engineered automotive roof racks, trays, mounting systems, luggage boxes, carriers, recovery boards and accessories in Australia and New Zealand and a growing presence in the United States.

As noted above, the Company has a wide variety of technical outdoor equipment and lifestyle products that are sold to a variety of customers in multiple end markets. While there are multiple products sold, the terms and nature of revenue recognition policy is similar for all segments.

Financial information for our segments, as well as revenue by geography, which the Company believes provides a meaningful depiction how the nature, timing and uncertainty of revenue are affected by economic factors, is as follows:

	Three M	onths Ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Sales to external customers:		
Outdoor		
Domestic sales	\$ 25,629	9 \$ 25,760
International sales	25,893	3 26,036
Total Outdoor	51,522	2 51,796
Precision Sport		
Domestic sales	27,443	,
International sales	5,675	5 1,722
Total Precision Sport	33,118	3 23,535
Adventure		
Domestic sales	9,233	
International sales	19,40	
Total Adventure	28,636	
Total sales to external customers	113,270	5 75,331
Segment operating income:		
Outdoor	1,888	3,445
Precision Sport	11,780	5,962
Adventure	2,124	<u> </u>
Total segment operating income	15,792	9,407
Transaction costs	(1,201) (476)
Contingent consideration expense	(763) -
Corporate and other expenses	(5,782	(3,382)
Interest expense, net	(1,116	(238)
Income before income tax	\$ 6,930	\$ 5,311

There were no intercompany sales between the Outdoor, Precision Sport, and Adventure segments for the periods presented.

Total assets by segment, as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were as follows:

	Mar	ch 31, 2022 Dec	cember 31, 2021
Outdoor	\$	166,470 \$	166,751
Precision Sport		153,687	142,549
Adventure		316,869	298,364
Corporate		24,056	24,163
1	\$	661,082 \$	631,827



Capital expenditures, depreciation and amortization by segment is as follows.

		Three Months Ended		
	Marc	ch 31, 2022	Ma	arch 31, 2021
Capital expenditures:				
Outdoor	\$	1,236	\$	692
Precision Sport		450		655
Adventure		214		-
Total capital expenditures	\$	1,900	\$	1,347
Depreciation:				
Outdoor	\$	817	\$	713
Precision Sport		781		643
Adventure		234	_	-
Total depreciation	\$	1,832	\$	1,356
Amortization:				
Outdoor	\$	255	\$	259
Precision Sport		692		938
Adventure		3,173		-
Total amortization	\$	4,120	\$	1,197

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Debt

On April 18, 2022 (the "Effective Date"), the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (the "Restated Credit Agreement").

The Restated Credit Agreement provides for borrowings of up to \$300,000 under a secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Loans") (including up to \$5,000 for letters of credit), and borrowings of up to \$125,000 under a secured term loan facility (the "Term Loans"). The Restated Credit Agreement also permits the Company, subject to certain requirements, to arrange with lenders for an aggregate of up to \$175,000 of additional revolving and/or term loan commitments (both of which are currently uncommitted), for potential aggregate revolving and term loan commitments under the Restated Credit Agreement of up to \$600,000. The Restated Credit Agreement matures on April 18, 2027 (the "Maturity Date"), at which time the revolving commitments thereunder will terminate and all outstanding Revolving Loans and Term Loans, together with all accrued and unpaid interest thereon, must be repaid.

The Term Loans were fully drawn on the Effective Date and cannot be reborrowed. The Restated Credit Agreement provides for quarterly amortization payments of the Term Loans on the last business day of each March, June, September and December, commencing on June 30, 2022. Through and including the payment due on March 31, 2023, the scheduled amortization payment is \$1,563 per quarter, and each scheduled amortization payment due thereafter through the Maturity Date is \$3,125 per quarter.

The applicable rate for these borrowings will range from 0.50% to 1.625% per annum, in the case of alternate base rate borrowings, and 1.50% to 2.625% per annum, in the case of term benchmark borrowings. The applicable rate was initially 0.875% per annum, in the case of alternate base rate borrowings, and 1.875% per annum, in the case of term benchmark borrowings, however, these initial applicable rates may be adjusted from time to time based upon the level of the Company's consolidated total leverage ratio.



ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

Please note that in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q Clarus Corporation (which may be referred to as the "Company," "Clarus," "we," "our" or "us") may use words such as "appears," "anticipates," "believes," "plans," "expects," "intends," "future" and similar expressions which constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are made based on our expectations and beliefs concerning future events impacting the Company and therefore involve a number of risks and uncertainties. We caution that forward-looking statements are not guarantees and that actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements.

Potential risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results of operations or financial condition of the Company to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include, but are not limited to, the overall level of consumer demand on our products; general economic conditions and other factors affecting consumer confidence, preferences, and behavior; disruption and volatility in the global currency, capital and credit markets; the financial strength of the Company's customers; the Company's ability to implement its business strategy; the ability of the Company to execute and integrate acquisitions; changes in governmental regulation, legislation or public opinion relating to the manufacture and sale of bullets and ammunition, and the possession and use of firearms and ammunition by our customers; the Company's exposure to product liability or product warranty claims and other loss contingencies; disruptions and other impacts to the Company's business, as a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic and government actions and restrictive measures implemented in response; stability of the Company's manufacturing facilities and suppliers, as well as consumer demand for our products, in light of disease epidemics and health-related concerns such as the COVID-19 global pandemic; the impact that global climate change trends may have on the Company and its suppliers and customers, increased focus on sustainability issues as a result of global climate change, the Company's ability to protect patents, trademarks and other intellectual property rights; any breaches of, or interruptions in, our information systems; the ability of our information technology systems or information security systems to operate effectively, including as a result of security breaches, viruses, hackers, malware, natural disasters, vendor business interruptions or other causes; our ability to properly maintain, protect, repair or upgrade our information technology systems or information security systems, or problems with our transitioning to upgraded or replacement systems; the impact of adverse publicity about the Company and/or its brands, including without limitation, through social media or in connection with brand damaging events and/or public perception; fluctuations in the price, availability and quality of raw materials and contracted products as well as foreign currency fluctuations; ongoing disruptions and delays in the shipping and transportation of our products due to port congestion, container ship availability and/or other logistical challenges; the impact of political unrest, natural disasters or other crises, terrorist acts, acts of war and/or military operations; our ability to utilize our net operating loss carryforwards; changes in tax laws and liabilities, tariffs, legal, regulatory, political and economic risks; the Company's ability to maintain a quarterly dividend; and any material differences in the actual financial results of the Rhino-Rack acquisition as compared with expectations, including the impact of the acquisition on the Company's future earnings per share. More information on potential factors that could affect the Company's financial results is included from time to time in the Company's public reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K. All forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are based upon information available to the Company as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and speak only as of the date hereof. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

Headquartered in Salt Lake City, Utah, Clarus is a global leading designer, developer, manufacturer and distributor of best-in-class outdoor equipment and lifestyle products focused on the outdoor and consumer enthusiast markets. Our mission is to identify, acquire and grow outdoor "super fan" brands through our unique "innovate and accelerate" strategy. We define a "super fan" brand as a brand that creates the world's pre-eminent, performance-defining product that the best-in-class user cannot live without. Each of our brands has a long history of continuous product innovation for core and everyday users alike. The Company's products are principally sold globally under the Black Diamond®, Sierra®, Barnes® and Rhino-Rack® and MAXTRAX® brand names through outdoor specialty and online retailers, our own websites, distributors and original equipment manufacturers. Our portfolio of iconic brands is well-positioned for sustainable, long-term growth underpinned by powerful industry trends across the outdoor and adventure sport end markets.

One of the key elements of our sustained financial performance is our persistent focus on brand building through product initiatives. Our iconic brands are rooted in performance-defining technologies that enable our customers to have their best days outdoors. We have a long history of technical innovation and product development, backed by an extensive patent portfolio that continues to evolve and



advance our markets. We currently employ approximately 120 engineers across the portfolio, focusing on enhancing our customers' performance in the most critical moments. Our commitment to quality, rigorous safety, and ultimately best-in-class design is evidenced by outstanding industry recognition, as we have received numerous product awards across our portfolio of super fan brands.

Each of our brands represents a unique customer value proposition. Supported by six decades of proven innovation, Black Diamond, is an established global leader in highperformance, activity-based climbing, skiing, and technical mountain sports equipment. The brand is synonymous with premium performance, safety and reliability. Our Sierra and Barnes brands have been leading specialty manufacturers of bullets and ammunition for over 50 years. Since 1947, Sierra has been dedicated to manufacturing the highest-quality, most accurate bullets in the world for hunting and sport shooting enthusiasts. Barnes traces its history back to 1932, and since 1989 has manufactured technologically-advanced lead-free bullets and premium ammunition for hunters, range shooters, military and law enforcement professionals. Founded in 1992, our Rhino-Rack brand is a globally-recognized designer and distributor of highly-engineered automotive roof racks and accessories to enhance the outdoor enthusiast's overlanding experience. Founded in 2005, our MAXTRAX brand offers high-quality overlanding and off-road vehicle recovery and extraction tracks for the overland and off-road market.

Clarus, incorporated in Delaware in 1991, acquired Black Diamond Equipment, Ltd. ("Black Diamond Equipment") in May 2010 and changed its name to Black Diamond, Inc. in January 2011. In October 2012, we acquired PIEPS Holding GmbH and its subsidiaries (collectively, "PIEPS"). On August 14, 2017, the Company changed its name from Black Diamond, Inc. to Clarus Corporation and its stock ticker symbol from "BDE" to "CLAR" on the NASDAQ stock exchange.

On August 21, 2017, the Company acquired Sierra Bullets, L.L.C. ("Sierra"). On November 6, 2018, the Company acquired the assets of SKINourishment, Inc. ("SKINourishment"). On October 2, 2020, the Company completed the acquisition of certain assets and liabilities constituting the Barnes business ("Barnes"). On July 1, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Australia-based Rhino-Rack Holdings Pty Ltd ("Rhino-Rack"). On December 1, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Australia-based MaxTrax Australia Pty Ltd ("MAXTRAX").

On August 6, 2018, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved the initiation of a quarterly cash dividend program of \$0.025 per share of the Company's common stock (the "Quarterly Cash Dividend") or \$0.10 per share on an annualized basis. The declaration and payment of future Quarterly Cash Dividends is subject to the discretion of and approval of the Company's Board of Directors. On April 29, 2022, the Company announced that its Board of Directors approved the payment on May 20, 2022 of the Quarterly Cash Dividend of \$0.025 to the record holders of shares of the Company's common stock as of the close of business on May 9, 2022.

Impact of COVID-19

The global outbreak of COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and a national emergency by each of the U.S., European, and Australian governments in March 2020, with governments world-wide implementing safety measures restricting travel and requiring citizen lockdowns and self-confinements for quarantining purposes. This has negatively affected the U.S., European, Australian and global economies, disrupted global supply chains, and resulted in significant transport restrictions and disruption of global financial markets.

The COVID-19 pandemic has significantly impacted the global supply chain, with restrictions and limitations on related activities causing disruption and delay, along with increased raw material, storage, and shipping costs. These disruptions and delays have strained domestic and international supply chains, which have affected and could continue to negatively affect the flow or availability of certain critical raw materials and finished good products that the Company relies upon. Furthermore, significantly increased demand from online sales channels, including our website, has impacted our logistical operations, including our fulfillment and shipping functions, which has resulted in periodic delays in the delivery of our products.

We expect a continued impact on the Company's sales and profitability in future periods due to the ongoing impact of the pandemic. The duration of these trends and the magnitude of such impacts cannot be precisely estimated at this time, as they are affected by a number of factors (some of which are outside management's control), including those presented in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Critical Accounting Policies and Use of Estimates

Management's discussion of our financial condition and results of operations is based on the consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure



of contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. We continually evaluate our estimates and assumptions including those related to derivatives, revenue recognition, income taxes and valuation of long-lived assets, goodwill and other intangible assets. We base our estimates on historical experience and other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Accounting Pronouncements Issued Not Yet Adopted

See "Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted" in Note 1 of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

The following presents a discussion of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2021.

	Three M	Ionths Ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Sales Domestic sales	\$ 62.30	7 \$ 47,573
International sales	\$ 62,30 50,96	
Total sales		
l otal sales	113,270	5 75,331
Cost of goods sold	69,024	4 48,281
Gross profit	44,25	2 27,050
Operating expenses		
Selling, general and administrative	34,17	5 20,885
Transaction costs	1,20	
Contingent consideration expense	76	
Total operating expenses	36,13	9 21,361
Operating income	8,111	3 5,689
Other expense		
Interest expense, net	(1,116	5) (238)
Other, net	(67)	
Total other expense, net	(1,182	3) (378)
Income before income tax	6,930	5,311
Income tax expense (benefit)	1,62	
Net income	\$ 5,30	9 \$ 5,677

Sales

Total sales increased \$37,945, or 50.4%, to \$113,276, during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to total sales of \$75,331 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in sales was primarily attributable to \$28,636 of sales from the inclusion of Rhino-Rack and MAXTRAX in the current period. Additionally, there was an increase in the quantity of new and existing precision sport products sold of \$9,583. There was also an increase in the quantity of new and existing outdoor products sold of \$9,583. There was also an increase in the quantity of new and existing outdoor products sold during the period of \$253. This was partially offset by a decrease in sales of \$527 due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against foreign currencies during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the prior period.

Domestic sales increased \$14,734, or 31.0%, to \$62,307 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to domestic sales of \$47,573 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in sales was primarily attributable to \$9,235 of sales from the inclusion of Rhino-Rack and MAXTRAX in the current period. Additionally, there was an increase in the quantity of new and existing precision sport products sold of \$5,630. This was partially offset by a decrease in the quantity of new and existing outdoor products sold during the period of \$131.

International sales increased \$23,211, or 83.6%, to \$50,969 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to international sales of \$27,758 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in sales was primarily attributable to \$19,401 of sales from the inclusion of Rhino-Rack and MAXTRAX in the current period. Additionally, there was an increase in the quantity of new and existing precision sport products sold of \$3,953. There was also an increase in the quantity of new and existing outdoor products sold during the period of \$384. This was partially offset by a decrease in sales of \$527 due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against



foreign currencies during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the prior period.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold increased \$20,743 or 43.0%, to \$69,024 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to cost of goods sold of \$48,281 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in cost of goods sold was primarily attributable to an increase in the number of units sold.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$17,202 or 63.6%, to \$44,252 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to gross profit of \$27,050 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. Gross margin was 39.1% during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to a gross margin of 35.9% during the three months ended March 31, 2021. Gross margin during the three months ended March 31, 2022, increased compared to the prior year due to a favorable product mix from higher margin products. Gross margin also benefited from the inclusion of Rhino-Rack and MAXTRAX. However, the benefit from MAXTRAX was offset by a decrease in gross margin of 0.2% due to the sale of MAXTRAX inventory that was recorded at its fair value in purchase accounting during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased \$13,290, or 63.6%, to \$34,175 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to selling, general and administrative expenses of \$20,885 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses is due to the inclusion of Rhino-Rack and MAXTRAX, which contributed \$8,142 and \$1,231, respectively. The remaining increase was attributable to the Company's investments in the brand related activities of sales, direct-to-consumer, marketing, and warehousing and logistics, focused on supporting its strategic initiatives around expanding distribution, elevating brand awareness and being easier to do business with and an increase of stock compensation of \$1,843 during the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to the prior year.

Transaction Costs

Transaction expense increased to \$1,201 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to transaction costs of \$476 during the three months ended March 31, 2021, which consisted of expenses related to the Company's various acquisition efforts.

Contingent Consideration Expense

Contingent consideration expense increased to \$763 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to \$0 contingent consideration expense during the three months ended March 31, 2021, which consisted of changes in estimated fair value of contingent consideration liabilities.

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense, net increased to \$1,116 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to interest expense, net of \$238 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in interest expense recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2022 was primarily associated with the increase in the average outstanding debt amounts during the period compared to the prior year and the recording of certain debt issuance costs.

Other, net

Other, net changed by \$73, or 52.1%, to \$67 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to other, net of \$140 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The change in other, net, was primarily attributable to a decrease in remeasurement losses recognized on the Company's foreign denominated accounts receivable and accounts payable. The decrease was partially offset by changes on mark-to-market adjustments on non-hedged foreign currency contracts.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense changed by \$1,987, or 542.9%, to an expense of \$1,621 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to a benefit of \$366 during the same period in 2021. Our effective income tax rate was 23.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2022, and differed compared to the statutory tax rates due to the impact of foreign earnings taxed at applicable statutory rates and

permanent book to tax differences related to incentive stock options and officer compensation limitations. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, our effective income tax rate was (6.9%) and differed compared to the statutory tax rates due to a release of a partial valuation allowance of the deferred tax assets and a discrete charge recorded during the period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Three Months Ended March 31, 2022 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

Our primary ongoing funding requirements are for working capital, expansion of our operations (both organically and through acquisitions) and general corporate needs, as well as investing activities associated with the various brands. We plan to fund these activities through a combination of our future operating cash flows and revolving credit facility which had approximately \$69,519 available to borrow at March 31, 2022. We believe that our liquidity requirements and contractual obligations for at least the next 12 months will be adequately covered by cash provided by operations and our existing revolving credit facility. Additionally, long-term contractual obligations are also currently expected to be funded from cash from operations and availability under our existing credit facilities.

On January 3, 2022, the Company entered into Amendment No. 4 ("Amendment No. 4"), as previously amended, with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the lenders from time to time party thereto (collectively, the "Credit Agreement"). Amendment No. 4, among other things, permits (i) the Company to borrow in Australian Dollars and New Zealand Dollars in order to support the operations of the Company in Australia and New Zealand and (ii) provides for addbacks to EBITDA, for debt covenant purposes, (as defined in the Credit Agreement) under the Credit Agreement for expenses relating to activities in respect of acquisitions, dispositions, investments and financings (whether or not these transactions are actually consummated). The Company is required to repay the term loan through quarterly payments of \$1,563 each beginning with September 30, 2021, increasing to \$3,125 beginning September 30, 2022, and any remaining obligations will be repaid in full on the maturity date of the Credit Agreement of May 3, 2024. The maximum consolidated total leverage ratio permitted under the Credit Agreement is 4.25:1.00.

At March 31, 2022, we had total cash of \$16,451, compared to a cash balance of \$19,465 at December 31, 2021. At March 31, 2022, the Company had \$11,577 of the \$16,451 in cash held by foreign entities, of which \$9,375 is considered permanently reinvested.

The following presents a discussion of cash flows for the condensed consolidated three months ended March 31, 2022 compared with the condensed consolidated three months ended March 31, 2021.

		Three Months Ended		
	Marc	h 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(10,795)	\$ (2	2,518)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,900)	(1	,347)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		8,467	(7	,196)
Effect of foreign exchange rates on cash		1,214		(203)
Change in cash		(3,014)	(11	,264)
Cash, beginning of year		19,465		7,789
Cash, end of period	\$	16,451	\$ 6	5,525

Net Cash From Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$10,795 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$2,518 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The change in net cash used in operating activities during 2022 is primarily due to an increase in net operating assets, or non-cash working capital, of \$15,586, partially offset by an increase in amortization and stock compensation during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021.

Free cash flow, defined as net cash (used in) provided by operating activities less capital expenditures, of (\$12,695) was used during the three months ended March 31, 2022 compared to (\$3,865) used during the same period in 2021. The Company believes that the non-GAAP measure, free cash flow, provides an understanding of the capital required by the Company to expand its asset base. A reconciliation of free cash flows to comparable GAAP financial measures is set forth below:



	Three Months Ended			
	March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021		March 31, 2021	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(10,795)	\$	(2,518)
Purchase of property and equipment		(1,900)		(1,347)
Free cash flow	\$	(12,695)	\$	(3,865)

Net Cash From Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$1,900 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to \$1,347 during the three months ended March 31, 2021. The increase in cash used during the three months ended March 31, 2022 is due to an increase in purchases of property and equipment, compared to the same period in 2021.

Net Cash From Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$8,467 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to net cash used of \$7,196 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, compared to the same period in 2021 was primarily due to the net proceeds to the revolving line of credit. Cash used by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily due to the net repayments to the revolving line of credit and repayments of the term loan.

Net Operating Loss

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards ("NOLs") and research and experimentation credit for U.S. federal income tax purposes of \$60,712 and \$2,289, respectively. The Company believes its U.S. Federal NOLs will substantially offset its future U.S. Federal income taxes until expiration. The Company has \$60,712 of NOLs, of which, \$39,507 expire on December 31, 2022. These NOLs are subject to compliance with Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's gross deferred tax asset was \$38,184. The Company has recorded a valuation allowance of \$4,378, resulting in a net deferred tax asset of \$33,806, before deferred tax liabilities of \$46,653. The Company has provided a valuation allowance against a portion of the net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2021, because the ultimate realization of those assets does not meet the more-likely-than-not criteria. The majority of the Company's deferred tax assets consist of net operating loss carryforwards for federal tax purposes. If a change in control were to occur, these could be limited under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 ("Code"), as amended.

Credit Agreement

As of March 31, 2022, the Company had drawn approximately \$30,481 of the \$100,000 revolving loan commitment that was available for borrowing under the Existing Credit Agreement, and \$120,313 was outstanding under the term loan commitment. As of March 31, 2022, the interest rate for each loan was 2.3750%. The Company was in compliance with the debt covenants set forth in the Existing Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2022.

On April 18, 2022 (the "Effective Date"), the Company, Black Diamond Retail, Inc., Black Diamond Retail – Alaska, LLC, Sierra Bullets, L.L.C., SKINourishment, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Colorado, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Montana, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Wyoming, LLC, Barnes Bullets-Mona, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Oregon, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Vermont, LLC (collectively with the Company, the "Borrowers") and the other loan parties party thereto (together with the Borrowers, the "Loan Parties") entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent (the "Administrative Agent") and the lenders party thereto (the "Restated Credit Agreement") pursuant to which the existing Credit Agreement, dated as of May 3, 2019 (as amended prior to the Effective Date, the "Existing Credit Agreement") by and among the Company, the lenders and loan parties from time to time party thereto and the Administrative Agent was amended and restated in its entirety. Each of the Loan Parties, other than the Company, is a direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company.

The Restated Credit Agreement provides for borrowings of up to \$300,000 under a secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Loans") (including up to \$5,000 for letters of credit), and borrowings of up to \$125,000 under a secured term loan facility (the "Term Loans"). The Restated Credit Agreement also permits the Borrowers, subject to certain requirements, to arrange with lenders for an aggregate of up to \$175,000 of additional revolving and/or term loan commitments (both of which are currently uncommitted), for potential aggregate revolving and term loan commitments under the Restated Credit Agreement of up to \$600,000. The proceeds of loans made under the Restated Credit Agreement may be used for working capital and general corporate purposes, including acquisitions



permitted under the Restated Credit Agreement. The Restated Credit Agreement matures on April 18, 2027 (the "Maturity Date"), at which time the revolving commitments thereunder will terminate and all outstanding Revolving Loans and Term Loans, together with all accrued and unpaid interest thereon, must be repaid.

The Term Loans were fully drawn on the Effective Date and cannot be reborrowed. The Restated Credit Agreement provides for quarterly amortization payments of the Term Loans on the last business day of each March, June, September and December, commencing on June 30, 2022. Through and including the payment due on March 31, 2023, the scheduled amortization payment is \$1,563 per quarter, and each scheduled amortization payment due thereafter through the Maturity Date is \$3,125 per quarter.

The Borrowers may elect to have the Revolving Loans and Term Loans under the Restated Credit Agreement bear interest at an applicable rate plus either:

- in the case of alternate base rate borrowings, a rate per annum generally equal to the greatest of:
 - (a) the prime rate in effect on such day;

(i)

- (b) 0.50% plus the greater of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York's effective federal funds rate or the Federal Reserve Bank of New York's overnight bank funding rate in effect on such day; and
- (c) 1.00% plus the adjusted term SOFR rate for a 1-month interest period;

provided that, in certain circumstances where the alternate base rate is being used as an alternate rate of interest, the alternate base rate shall be determined only according to (a) and (b), and shall be subject to a 1.00% floor; or

(ii) in the case of term benchmark borrowings, a rate per annum as follows:

- (a) for borrowings denominated in U.S. Dollars, the term SOFR rate (based on one, three or six-month interest periods) plus 0.10%, subject to a 0.00% floor; or
- (b) for borrowings denominated in a Foreign Currency, the applicable rate for such Foreign Currency set forth in the Restated Credit Agreement.

The applicable rate for these borrowings will range from 0.50% to 1.625% per annum, in the case of alternate base rate borrowings, and 1.50% to 2.625% per annum, in the case of term benchmark borrowings. The applicable rate was initially 0.875% per annum, in the case of alternate base rate borrowings, and 1.875% per annum, in the case of term benchmark borrowings, however, these initial applicable rates may be adjusted from time to time based upon the level of the Company's consolidated total leverage ratio, which is more fully discussed in the Restated Credit Agreement. If one or more of the above interest rates are not determinable, or under certain other circumstances set forth in the Restated Credit Agreement, a substitute or alternative interest rate may apply under the Restated Credit Agreement.

The Restated Credit Agreement also requires the Borrowers to pay a commitment fee on the unused portion of the revolving loan commitments. Such commitment fee will range between 0.15% and 0.30% per annum, and is also based upon the level of the Company's consolidated total leverage ratio, which is more fully discussed in the Restated Credit Agreement. The Company is also obligated to pay other customary closing fees, arrangement fees, administration fees and letter of credit fees for a credit facility of this size and type.

The Restated Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including limitations on the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to perform the following, subject to certain customary exceptions, qualifications and "baskets": (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens; (iii) engage in mergers, consolidations, certain divisions, liquidations or dissolutions other than in certain permitted instances as described in the Restated Credit Agreement; (iv) substantially change the business conducted by the Company and its subsidiaries; (v) make certain investments, loans, advances, guarantees and acquisitions other than in certain permitted instances as described in the Restated Credit Agreement; (vi) substantially change the business conducted by the Company and its subsidiaries; (v) make certain investments, loans, advances, guarantees and acquisitions other than in certain permitted instances as described in the Restated Credit Agreement; (vi) sell assets; (vii) pay dividends or make distributions or other restricted payments if certain conditions in the Restated Credit Agreement are not fulfilled; (viii) prepay other indebtedness; (ix) engage in certain transactions with affiliates; (x) enter into agreements that restrict dividends from subsidiaries or the ability of subsidiaries to grant liens upon their assets; (xi) amend certain charter documents and material agreements governing subordinated indebtedness; (xii) permit the consolidated total leverage ratio, which is to be determined for each quarter end on a trailing twelve month basis, from exceeding a limit of 3:75 to 1, provided, that, subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in the Restated Credit Agreement, so long as no Event of Default (as defined in the Restated Credit Agreement) exists at such time or would result therefrom, the Company may elect to increase the maximum consolidated total leverage ratio permitted under the Restated Credit Agreement to 4.25:1.00 for a period of four

consecutive fiscal quarters in connection with any acquisition permitted under the Restated Credit Agreement for which the aggregate consideration is greater than or equal to \$60,000; and (xiii) permit the consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio, which is to be determined for each quarter end on a trailing twelve month basis, to be less than 1.25 to 1.

The Restated Credit Agreement also contains customary events of default, including, but not limited to: (i) failure to pay amounts due under the Restated Credit Agreement; (ii) materially incorrect representations and warranties; (iii) failure to comply with covenants; (iv) change of control; and (v) default under other indebtedness aggregating at least \$3,000.

The obligations of each Loan Party under the Restated Credit Agreement are guaranteed by each other Loan Party. All obligations under the Restated Credit Agreement, and the guarantees of those obligations (as well as banking services obligations and certain swap agreements), are secured by pledges and liens on 100% of the equity interests of domestic subsidiaries, either 100% or 65% of the equity interests of certain foreign subsidiaries, and the accounts receivable, inventory, intellectual property and certain real property or other assets of the Loan Parties pursuant to (i) a Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of May 3, 2019, by and among certain of the Loan Parties and the Administrative Agent (as amended from time to time prior to the Effective Date, the "PSA"), (ii) a General Security Deed, dated as of August 30, 2021, by and among certain of the Loan Parties and the Administrative Agent (the "Socar GSD"), (iii) a General Security Deed, dated as of January 31, 2022, by and among certain of the Loan Parties and the Administrative Agent (the "Simpson GSD") or (iv) a mortgage or other applicable security agreement or instrument. Each of the PSA, the Oscar GSD and the Simpson GSD was reaffirmed by the Loan Parties on the Effective Date pursuant to a Reaffirmation Agreement dated as of the Effective Date by and among the Administrative Agent and the Loan Parties (the "Reaffirmation Agreement") pursuant to which each Loan Party ratified and reaffirmed its obligations to the Lenders in connection with entering into the Restated Credit Agreement.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not engage in any transactions or have relationships or other arrangements with unconsolidated entities. These include special purpose and similar entities or other offbalance sheet arrangements. We also do not engage in energy, weather or other commodity-based contracts.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There has not been any material change in the market risk disclosure contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Executive Chairman and Chief Financial Officer, its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-151 and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act")) as of March 31, 2022, pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15. Such disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company is accumulated and communicated to the appropriate management on a basis that permits timely decisions regarding disclosure. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Executive Chairman and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2022, were effective.

On July 1, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Australia-based Rhino-Rack Holdings Pty Ltd ("Rhino-Rack"). On December 1, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Australia-based MaxTrax Australia Pty Ltd ("MAXTRAX"). Management excluded Rhino-Rack and MAXTRAX from its assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2022.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company acquired MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack on December 1, 2021 and July 1, 2021, respectively. The Company is currently in the process of integrating the internal controls over financial reporting at MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack. Except for the continued integration of MAXTRAX and Rhino-Rack, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the first quarter of 2022 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.



PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various legal disputes and other legal proceedings that arise from time to time in the ordinary course of business. Based on currently available information, the Company does not believe that the disposition of any of the legal disputes the Company or its subsidiaries is currently involved in will have a material adverse effect upon the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. It is possible that, as additional information becomes available, the impact on the Company of an adverse determination could have a different effect.

Litigation

The Company is involved in various lawsuits arising from time to time that the Company considers ordinary routine litigation incidental to its business. Amounts accrued for litigation matters represent the anticipated costs (damages and/or settlement amounts) in connection with pending litigation and claims and related anticipated legal fees for defending such actions, which legal fees are expensed as incurred. The costs are accrued when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The accruals are based upon the Company's assessment, after consultation with counsel (if deemed appropriate), of probable loss based on the facts and other significant factors that vary by case. When it is not possible to estimate a specific expected cost to be incurred, the Company evaluates the range of probable loss and records the minimum end of the range. Based on currently available information, the Company does not believe that it is reasonably possible that the disposition of any of the legal disputes the Company or its subsidiaries is currently involved in will have a material adverse effect upon the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. There is a reasonable possibility of loss from contingencies in excess of the amounts accrued by the Company in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets; however, the actual amounts of such possible losses cannot currently be reasonably estimated by the Company at this time. It is possible that, as additional information becomes available, the impact on the Company could have a different effect.

Product Liability

As a consumer goods manufacturer and distributor, the Company faces the risk of product liability and related lawsuits involving claims for substantial money damages, product recall actions and higher than anticipated rates of warranty returns or other returns of goods. The Company is therefore vulnerable to various personal injury and property damage lawsuits relating to its products and incidental to its business.

Based on current information, there are no pending product liability claims and lawsuits of the Company, which the Company believes in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in Part I, Item 1A. of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.



CLARUS CORPORATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

<u>Exhibit</u>	Description
10.1	Amendment No. 4 dated as of January 3, 2022, to that certain Credit Agreement, dated May 3, 2019, as amended by Amendment No. 1 dated May 28, 2019, and Amendment No. 2 dated November 12, 2020, and Amendment No. 3 dated July 1, 2021, by and among Clarus Corporation, Black Diamond Retail, Inc., Black Diamond Retail – Alaska, LLC, Sierra Bullets, L.L.C., SKINourishment, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Colorado, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Montana, LLC, Barnes Bullets – Mona, LLC, and Black Diamond Retail – Wyoming, LLC, as borrowers, the other loan parties party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, U.S. Bank National Association, as syndication agent, Regions Bank and Bank of America, N.A., as co-documentation agents, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as sole bookrunner and sole lead arranger, and the other lenders from time to time party thereto (filed as Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 7, 2022, and incorporated herein by reference).
<u>10.2</u>	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated effective as of April 18, 2022, by and among Clarus Corporation, Black Diamond Retail, Inc., Black Diamond Retail, Inc., Black Diamond Retail – Alaska, LLC, Sierra Bullets, L.L.C., SKINourishment, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Colorado, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Montana, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Wyoming, LLC, Barnes Bullets-Mona, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Oregon, LLC, Black Diamond Retail – Vermont, LLC and the other loan parties party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and the lenders party thereto (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 21, 2022, and incorporated herein by reference).
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. *
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. *
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document *
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document *
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document*
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document *
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document *
101.PRE 104	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document *
*	Cover Page Interactive Data File – formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101 Filed herewith
**	Furnished herewith
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CLARUS CORPORATION

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 9, 2022

Date: May 9, 2022

CLARUS CORPORATION

By: <u>/s/Warren B. Kanders</u> Name: Warren B. Kanders Title: Executive Chairman (Principal Executive Officer)

By: <u>/s/ Michael J. Yates</u> Name: Michael J. Yates Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

I, Warren B. Kanders, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Clarus Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2022

By: <u>/s/ Warren B. Kanders</u> Name: Warren B. Kanders Title: Executive Chairman (Principal Executive Officer) I, Michael J. Yates, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Clarus Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2022

By: <u>/s/ Michael J. Yates</u> Name: Michael J. Yates Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Clarus Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period endedMarch 31, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Warren B. Kanders, Executive Chairman, certify to my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: May 9, 2022

By: <u>/s/ Warren B. Kanders</u> Name: Warren B. Kanders Title: Executive Chairman (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Clarus Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period endedMarch 31, 2022 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael J. Yates, Chief Financial Officer, certify to my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: May 9, 2022

By: <u>/s/ Michael J. Yates</u> Name: Michael J. Yates Title: Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)